No. 15,236.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1901-TWELVE PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

# DISTRICT NEEDS

Some Are Pointed Out by Senator McMillan.

# A GREATER FORCE OF PATROLMEN

Site Fixed for the New Union Railway Station.

### SUBJECT OF TAXATION

"The police force of this city should be increased during the present session of Congress," said Senator James McMillan, chairman of the Senate committee on the District of Columbia, today. "There should be enough policemen so that no one man should have to patrol a distance of eight miles, which, I am told, is now the case, I have not looked into the needs of the service sufficiently to know just what increase is necessary, but there should be a material addition to the number of patrolmen. Conditions here should be made perfectly safe for women and children to walk about at any time."

### Park Commission Report.

Speaking of improvements he hopes to see accomplished or arranged for during the present session of Congress Senator Mcof the plan for the improvement of the District contemplated by the report to be submitted to Congress by the park com-mission. This report will be submitted first to the Senate committee on the District of Columbia and from that committee will go to the Senate. It will probably be submitted to the Senate about January 15. It will include several important recom-mendations which Mr. McMillan hopes to have adopted before adjournment next sum-

#### The Union Station Site.

station on the north side of Massachusetts avenue just east of North Capitol street. A bill providing for this project is now in the course of preparation and will also be introduced in the Senate by Mr. McMillan in a short time. It will pro-vide for the removal of the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from the mall and for a tunnel under Capitol Hill to connect the tracks in South Washington with the proposed union station on Massa-

## Subject of Taxation.

The subject of taxation is also to be considered, and a personal tax bill will be before the Senate within a very short time. It is proposed to make it free from what are termed inquisitorial features by making it apply only to visible personal property above a certain amount to be fixed as \$2,379,065.

a minimum, such as horses and carriages. For the five months of the fiscal year the

# More Funds Wanted.

"There must be some means adopted for increasing the funds available for improvhave a filtration plant under way, a sewerage system that must be completed, important streets should be opened and improved, and the money to accomplish these needed improvements should be raised in means of taxation, a temporary loan from in the past, or through the issuance of bonds, are questions to be considered. But the need for more funds than at present appear to be available is urgent."

# SORROW FELT AT GUAM.

Letter of Condolence Received Ex-Assistant Secretary Darling has received a dispatch from Commander Seaton Schroeder, naval governor of Guam, ac-

knowledging the receipt of official notice of the death of President McKinley, and inclosing a letter of condolence signed by the leading citizens of Guam. Commander Schroeder says that the officers, men and civilians in Guam unite in assuring the department of their profound sorrow for the A deputation of Filipino prisoners of war

waited on the governor and expressed sincere sorrow for the death of the late Presi-

# SUICIDE OF LIEUT. REEDER.

#### Shot Himself While Temporarily Insane on the Lawton. The War Department is in receipt of a

cablegram from General Chaffee, Manila, P. L. reporting that Odus J. Reeder, second lieutenant, Philippine scouts, committed suicide on Monday morning by shooting himself with carbine on board the Lawton. He was suffering from temporary insanity, due to illness.

Lieutenant Reeder was a native of Bever ly, W. Va. After about eight years' service in the ranks, attached to the 15th Infantry. and then to the 7th Cavalry, he again enthe progress of hostilities in the Philip-Shortly after he was appointed secand lieutenant of that regiment, and when it was ordered nome for discharge mained behind and was appointed second lieutenant of the Philippine Scouts July 1 last and served with that organization up

#### to the time of his death. CLERKS IN THE NAVY.

# Bill Introduced Organizing a Corps.

Including Youmen. Mr. Bates has introduced a bill in the House to organize a clerical corps in the United States navy. It shall consist of chief clerks, warrant clerks, chief yeoman, yeoman first class, yeoman second class and yeoman third class; and for this purpose the Secretary of the Navy is empowered to appoint one hundred warrant clerks, or as many more as the necessities of the service may require, with the rank, pay and privileges of warrant officers, and to enlist as many chief yeoman, yeoman first class, yeoman second class and yeo-man, third class as in his judgment may be

The chief warrant clerks shall rank after ensigns, and have the pay and allowances of second lieutenants in the marine corps. The pay of chief yeoman shall be \$75 a month; the pay of yeoman, first class, \$55; the pay of yeoman, second class, \$45, and pay of yeoman, third class, \$35, with the increase on account of length of service as is now or may hereafter be allowed by law to other enlisted men in the navy.

## FOR THREE LIEUTENANT GENERALS. Provisions of a Bill Introduced

Representative Dick. A bill has been introduced in the House by Representative Dick of Ohio providing that any officer of the regular army now on the active list who served during the civil war prior to April 9, 1865, otherwise than as a cadet at the Military Academy, may, by the President, by and with the Genoa.

# rank and retired pay of one grade higher

than that actually held by him at the time of his retirement. Provided, That this shall not be construed as creating or reviving any rank not provided for by existing law and shall not apply to any officer whose length of service does not exceed thirty-five years or to any general officer who has been advanced in rank since the 13th day of August 1898 day of August, 1898.

The President of the United States is

authorized to select from the officers of the army two major generals on the active list and one major general on the retired list, who have rendered distinguished service in independent commands of great responsibility during the recent military operations, and to appoint them, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to be lieutenant generals on the retired list with the pay and allowances established by law for officers of that grade on the re-

# BULL RUN BATTLEFIELD.

#### Bill to Protect Two Monuments Erected There.

When Congress assembles after the holiday recess the House committee on military affairs will be asked to give a hearing to a delegation of Virginia citizens on a bill introduced by Representative Rixey to their homes to spend the holidays. As soon protect the monuments already erected on the battlefields of Bull Run, Va. United States troops belonging to the de-

partment of Washington in the month of June, 1865, took possession of land on the battlefields of Buli Run and erected two monuments, about one mile apart, dedicating them to the memory of the patriots who fell July 21, 1861, and August 28, 29 and 30, 1862, in the battles known as the first and second Bull Run.

The bill (H. R., 277) directs the Secretary

Millan placed first of all the establishment of War to purchase for the United States of the plan for the improvement of the so much of the land surrounding the monuments as shall, in his judgment, be sufficient for the protection of the same and to enable the citizens of the United States to visit them. The purchase shall only be made provided the Secretary of War deems the price of the land reasonable.

When the land is purchased the Secretary of War shall provide suitable approaches to the monuments from the public high The sum of \$25,000 is appropriated for the project.

A similar bill has been offered in th

First among these recommendations is one for the location of the proposed union

## INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

#### November Statement Shows a De crease Compared With Last Year.

The official statement of the collections of internal revenue for the month of No vember shows the total to have been \$23, 178,951, a decrease, as compared with November, 1900, of \$2,165,334. The collections from the several sources of revenue are given as follows: Spirits, \$12,080,812; increase, \$1,330,492. Tobacco, \$4,264,700; decrease, \$640,566. Fermented liquors, \$4,973,-188; decrease, \$474,598. Oleomargarine, \$212.814; decrease, \$25,813. Special taxes, not elsewhere enumerated, \$58,666; increase \$24,916. Miscellaneous, \$1,580,768; decrease,

household effects, &c. It will also probably total receipts were \$120,654,395, a decrease, contain a provision for the taxation of as compared with the corresponding period contain a provision for the taxation of stocks and bonds of local corporations by means of a tax on the corporation itself. and not on the securities in the hands of taxation under the revenue reduction bill passed at the last session of Congress

# NEW SECRETARY OF EMBASSY.

# ment by Lord Pauncefote.

Lord Pauncefote called at the State Department today to introduce the newly appointed first secretary of the British embassy, Mr. Arthur Stewart Reikes, who succeeds Mr. Gerard Lowther, lately appointed British minister to Chile. Mr. Reikes is a Cambridge man and entered the British diplomatic service in 1879. He has been stationed successively at Athens, Copenhagen, Buenos Ayres, Berlin, Rio Ja-neiro and Brussels. At the latter point he acted as one of the secretaries to ternational conference which considered the African liquor traffic. In 1897 he was one of those to receive the jubilee medal.

#### WILL BE SOON REPAIRED Working on the West Shaft of the Water System.

Colonel Miller, the engineer officer charge of the Washington aqueduct system, reported to General Gillespie, chief of engineers, this morning that the repairs now being made to the works in the west shaft will probably be entirely completed by the end of the present week. In that event the District Commissioners will be informed that connections may be made with the Howard University reservoir without further delay with the result that water in abundance will be supplied to the high levels of the city. Colonel Miller is now making an investigation as to the responsibility for the accident to the work in the west shaft which has delayed the complete operation of the aqueduct tunnel and reservoir for nearly two weeks. He will make a special report to the War Department on the subject.

# BRIGHAM YOUNG VERY ILL.

# He is the Eldest Living Son of Famous

Mormon. SALT LAKE, Utah, December 26 .- A spe cial to the Herald from Farmington, N. M., says that Apostle Brigham Young, listed in the 41st Volunteer Infantry during | president of the Quorum of Twelve of the Mormon Church, and the eldest living son PRESIDENT'S AUTHORITY ABSOLUTE. of the famous president of the church, is lying critically ill with a complication of stomach and nervous troubles at Fruit Land, a Mormon settlement near Farmington. Apostle Young left Sait Lake about two weeks ago to spend the winter in Mexico and stopped over in Fruit Land for few days. He is sixty-five years old.

# DIX WILL NOT APPEAL.

# Alleged Wrecker of Whatcom Bank Extradited by England.

LONDON. December 26.-The lawyers of H. St. John Dix, who is accused of larceny committed in the United States and with wrecking the Scandinavian-American Bank at Whatcom, Wash., say they will not appeal against the decision of the magistrate at the Bow street police court, who, on De-cember 17, granted the demand for the extradition of Dix. The lawyers arrived at the appeal. Dix probably will sail for th

# JOKE MAY END FATALLY.

#### John Carder, jr., Terribly Burned by Foolish Companion,

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

CUMBERLAND, Md., December 26. John Carder, jr., was probably fatally burned at Old Town last night while in the store of his uncle, John Carder, sr., dressing to play Santa Claus at the M. E. Church entertainment. Several young men helped him to make up, and just as he was leaving the store for the church one play-fully held a lighted match to his back. Instantly he was a sheet of flame from head to foot, having been dressed in cotton. He was frightfully burned about the arms and

Steamship Arrivals. At Naples-Lahn, from New York, for

# MACLAY'S LETTER AT THE WHITE HOUSE GOV. SHAW ACCEPTS White the destance of th advice and consent of the Senate, be placed upon the retired list of the army with the MACLAY'S LETTER AT THE WHITE HOUSE GOV. SHAW ACCEPTS

New Year.

Go on the Dolphin.

visitors until New Year day. Only those

having most urgent and important business

will be seen by the President during the

coming week. Only a few people were seen

the exception of Miss Alice, accompanied

by Dr. and Mrs. Rixey, went down the Po-

tomac river this afternoon on the govern-

ment yacht Dolphin. They will be gone

several days. A portion of the time will

be spent at a club house on an island near

Quantico, Va., about twenty miles from

Washington, and Dr. Rixey and Theodore

Rocsevelt, jr., expect to have some duck

shooting from the club's blinds. The Presi-

dent will remain here while the family is

He will entertain some of his friends at

uncheon and dinner each day. The Presi-

dent wanted to go with his son on a hunt-

ing expedition, but several matters that are

to be disposed of prevented this. Governor

Shaw of Iowa will possibly come on to

Washington in a few days for a conference

with the President. He will remain only a short time, if he is able to come this week,

and will go right back to Iowa to attend the inauguration of his successor, Governor

The President bade his family good-by

on the portico and warned young Theodore who carried his gun and case in his right

hand, that he expected a good report of his achievements with the gun.

Pardons by the President.

The President has communted to expire

December 24 the sentence of Walter Curtis,

who was convicted in the Police Court of

the District of Columbia of petit larceny

and sentenced to imprisonment for 450 days

in the District jail. The commutation was

granted on account of the critical ill-health

of the applicant. He has also pardoned

Charles E. Seelye and Harry Sherer, who were convicted in the United States courts

for the district of Minnesota of setting fire

States and sentenced to imprisonment for eight months in jail at Minneapolis. They

have served about half of their sentences. The Attorney General recommended pardon

on account of very serious doubts of the

prisoners' guilt entertained by the district

discovered after the trial, and on account

of a strong showing made by the petition

ers and substantiated by affidavits to the

SATISFACTION FELT HERE

o timber land belonging to the United

ummins.

# Commission.

REPLY A TRIP DOWN THE POTOMAC APPOINTMENT MEETS WITH FAVOR

Power of Removal Has in No Way Mrs. Roosevelt and the Children Will Find Government Finances Been Curtailed.

#### The looked-for and much-heralded letter of Edgar S. Maclay was received by the civil service commission this afternoon. President John R. Procter is the only member of the commission in the city, Mr. Rodenberg and Mr. Foulke having gone to

as the letter was received by Secretary John T. Doyle Mr. Procter was notified. Later a conference was held in the board room. There were present, besides Mr. Procter and Mr. Doyle, Mr. Serven, the chief examiner, and Mr. George R. Wales. Maclay's Letter. Mr. Maclay's letter was addressed to Mr.

Procter. It read: "On December 23, yesterday, I received

the following communication from the Secretary of the Navy: "'Sir: I am directed by the President to

ask Edgar S. Maclay, special laborer, general storekeeper's office, navy yard, New York, to send in his resignation.
"'JOHN D. LONG, Secretary.' "This communication was addressed to the commandant of this navy yard, and was duly forwarded to me. I desire to get an authoritative opinion from the civil service commission on the following points:
"I. Has the President of the United States any authority under the laws gov-erning civil service to demand the resigna-

tion of a civil service employe in the clas-sified list? "II. Has the President the authority of power to cause the dismissal of any civil service employe without preferring charges in writing and giving said employe an op-

portunity in which to make a defense?" President Procter's Reply. President Procter caused a reply to be

ent at once. This is what he wrote: "The commission is in receipt of your letter of December 24. In response you are informed that it is contrary to the practice of the commission to undertake to answer hypothetical questions. Your separation from the service, according to the facts in your case as they appeared in the public press, was made upon the order of the Secretary of the Navy, in whom the power of removal rests. The demand for your resignation, followed by your removal, upon the direction of the President, through the Sec-retary of the Navy, was not in violation of the civil service act and rules, in view of the well-known facts in your case. "The object of the rule requiring notice

and a hearing was to prevent political removals or removals upon secret charges. No issue of this kind is involved in your

"The commission has always held, as

shown in its thirteenth report, January 1,

1897: 'The civil service act did not intend

in office. The authority of removal and its

exercise for proper reasons are necessary

for the discipline and the efficiency of the

public service. The power of removal is not

affected by the law or the rules, further

than that they provide that removals shall

not be made for political or religious rea-

"The rule of the President, July 27, 1897.

requiring that a person should only be re-

moved for just cause and upon reasons in

writing and after an opportunity for mak-

ing answer, was for the purpose of pre-venting political or religious removals or

removals upon secret charges, but was in

no way intended to curtail the power of re-

moval for just cause. Under this rule the

of record, but it does not impair in the

slightest degree the prompt exercise of the

"In discussing this rule in the fourteenth

eport of the commission, December 31.

MACLAY FORMALLY DISCHARGED.

turn to Work.

ton Maclay, who refused to resign as spe-

cial laborer in the office of the general

storekeeper of the navy yard, was sum-

marily discharged today. Maclay went to

the navy yard as usual today and prepared

to resume his duties. Pay Director Put-

nam went to Maclay's desk, read to him

He said ne would return at the usual

time tomorrow, prepared to go to work.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

Commissioners Foulke's Views Re-

garding Maclay's Discharge.

RICHMOND, Ind., December 26.-William

Dudley Foulke of the civil service commis-

sion, when asked with regard to the report

that E. S. Maclay had addressed him ask-

ing if the President can demand a civil

service employe's resignation, and if the

President can discharge an employe with-

out a hearing, said: "Of course, the Pres-

ident can demand Maclay's resignation. If

the rule which requires written reasons and

a reasonable time for answering them may

The President has practically absolute power in such cases."

Jockey Lester Reiff Married.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 26 .- Miss

Fannie Rowell and Jockey Lester Reiff

were married last night at the home of

Dr. and Mrs. H. E. Rowell in Golden Gate.

Only a few relatives were present at the

Tod Sloan Applies for License.

CHICAGO, December 26.-A Richmond

Ind., special to the Daily News says Tod

Sloan sends word to his Indiana relatives

that he has applied for a license to ride in

England and America next year. He

modified or abrogated by the President

NEW YORK, December 26.-Edgar Stan-

power of discipline.

immediately.

ceremony.

case.

statement:

#### effect that they could not have committed the crime charged. President Procter gave out the following

#### OFFICIALS PLEASED AT THE AGREEthat incompetent persons should be retained MENT IN SOUTH AMERICA.

### Minister Wilson Reports That Argentine-Chile Differences May Be Regarded as Settled.

The State Department has been informed by United States Minister Wilson, at Santiago de Chile, that the differences between Argentine and Chile may be regarded as settled through the signature yesterday of a protocol providing for the submission of the dispute over the boundary line and the reasons for a removal are to be a matter Ultima Esperanza territory to the decision of the King of Great Britain. This announcement has given great satisfaction to the officials here, who have gone to the lengths of official practice in their efforts 1897, it is stated that if the reasons are to avert a needless war between the two most prosperous of the South American remake the removal.' It cannot be asserted

### that Maclay's removal was for political or publics. Argentine Minister Notified.

religious reasons or upon secret charges, as the reasons for the department's action are The Argentine minister, Dr. Garciawell known, both to Maclay and to the Merou, today received a dispatch from the minister of foreign affairs at Buenos Ayres. announcing the satisfactory termination of the Chile-Argentine trouble, and giving the He Declares He Will Regularly Rebasis of settlement. The dispatch is as fol-

"The pending incidents with Chile have been solved by agreement directly with the government of that country and in a satisfactory form. Chile gives explanation of the opening of roads through the dis puted territory, and both governments agree to withdraw the police forces which they have maintained in the territory in controversy situated near the inlet of Ultima Esperanza.

the telegram of dismissal received from Washington yesterday, and told him that he was dismissed. Maclay left the yard ALCORTA "(Signed) "Minister of Foreign Affairs."
Dr. Garcia-Merou expressed himself as highly gratified with the disappearance of the war cloud, and he pointed out that the erms of the sttlement showed that Argentine's earnest desire to maintain peace ed her to make considerable sacrifice. The Ultima Esperanza territory has been considered Argentine's beyond any question, but now both countries withdraw their poice from that locality, so that government

Throughout South American diplomatic circles there is a sense of relief over the settlement of the Chile-Argentine trouble which threatened to involve not only those two countries, but to start a blaze through all South America. Nearly all of the southern republics are allied with one or the other of the parties to this conflict, so that a war between them would probably have drawn in most, if not all, of the countries of the southern republicant. Maclay has libeled Admiral Schley he can be very quickly and properly removed. No hearing is necessary unless he is in the competitive service, and even in that case countries of the southern continent.

ownership becomes a question for arbitra-

# TRAINS COLLIDE AT FULL SPEED.

#### Four Men Killed in Accident on Canadian Pacific. SAULT STE. MARIE, Out., December 26. -The local express and a working train on

the Canadian Pacific railway collided last night between this place and Webbwood while running at full speed and four men or more were killed and several severely wounded. The crew of the working train, which

contributed most to the killed, were from the Michigan Soo. With the exception of Engineer McDivit, the names of the dead have not been learned. Engineer Christopher, Fireman Miller, Conductor Gould and the Baggageman of the express were seriously wounded. A train with doc-tors was sent to the scene. NEW YORK, December 26.—A new record price for a seat on the New York stock exchange was established today by a sale at \$80,000. Last Saturday a seat sold for \$75,000, which was the record up to that time.

Fourth—The Postmasters.

The following fourth-class postmasters were appointed today: Maine, Orrin B. Woodbury, East Knox; New Jersey, S. C. Gardner, South Vineland; Pennsylvania, John P. Mitchell, Dupont; Rhode Island, S. L. Sherman, Exercise.

in Good Condition.

# FORMAL STATEMENT EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY ASSISTANT SECRETARIES

The White House will remain closed to Gov. Leslie M. Shaw of Iowa will be nomnated as Secretary of the Treasury to succeed Lyman J. Gage, and the change will probably take place some time in the latter part of January or in February. Official announcement that Gov. Shaw will succeed Mrs. Roosevelt Goes Down the River. Secretary Gage has been made at the White Mrs. Roosevelt and the children, with

> It is also announced that Secretary Wilson will remain in the cabinet at the head of the Department of Agriculture. This statement was made to set at rest many speculative stories affoat that Gov. Shaw's selection presaged the retirement of Secretary Wilson, because both men were from the same state.

Ever since Governor Shaw was offered the position he has been in consultation with Senator Allison and other friends in Iowa, and has received advice by telegraph from Senator Dolliver and friends in this city. Late yesterday afternoon Governor Shaw reached a definite decision and telegraphed the President accordingly. It is believed



# Governor Shaw.

Treasury portfolio Governor Shaw expressd the hope that his coming in would not change the status of Secretary Wilson. As it was not the President's intention that there should be any change in this direction, the official announcement coupled the wo statements together.

Gov. Shaw's plans about coming to Washngton are not known here. His term as governor does not expire until after the middle of January. He may not want to take charge of the Treasury Department mmediately afterward. He will undoubtedv communicate with Secretary Gage. e comes to Washington he will confer with Secretary Gage and an arrangement will hen be made for a transfer of the After this is done Secretary Gage will fornally submit his resignation to President Roosevelt, fixing the date for his retire-

#### Politically a Good Appointment. Among politicians the selection of Gov.

Shaw is pronounced a good one. They say that Gov. Shaw will suit the business interests, and so, after that, the point of most interest to them is the political aspect-the effect on the future of different men. It is conceded that the appointment will insure the President the loyal support at all times of some mighty strong men. Senators Allison and Dolliver, Speaker Henderson, Secretary Wilson and Shaw will make a strong team, despite the fact that what is known as the machine eccived a setback in Iowa when Governorelect Cummins was chosen as the stand ard-bearer of the party.

Senators Allison and Dolliver are cordially supporting Governor Shaw. The latter's presidential aspirations will now be laid way for a more sunshiny day, and will oe made subservient to whatever aspirations the President may have for another erm.

Governor Shaw can afford to lay his as pirations aside, as he is ranged by his friends as among the "lucky" class of poli-He had taken little part in politicians. tics in his state up to 1896, except to mak occasional speeches and to help his friend, Dolliver, remain in Congress.

So when a deadlock ensued in 1897 for a republican nominee for governor Mr. Shaw's name was sprung by Mr. Dolliver. It didn't create much of a stir, but Mr. Do iver knew his business, and Mr. Shaw was nominated with a whoop. From then on he grew in importance in his state, and attracted outside attention by reason of his ound position on financial matters and his thorough knowledge of the subjects dis-cussed in speeches and otherwise. In 1896 Mr. Shaw's speeches attracted attention He then advocated the gold standard. With his lucky record Gov. Shaw can bide events. If his chief has plain sailing for the nomination in 1904 he can keep out of the fight. If Roosevelt is beaten there's secretary Shaw with the Iowa man behin

#### Gov. Shaw will find the affairs of the Treasury in good shape when he enters the office. The gold standard has been established, the Treasury was never healthier and never had more money and there no puzzling financial problems for solution.

The Treasury's Condition.

efficient and able corps of assistants, men trained in their fields and having the most thorough knowledge of their work. Changes in Assistant Secretaries. The talk of probable changes in the assistant secretaries is based altogether on the fact that a new Secretary likes to surround himself with one or more men of his own choosing, but Governor Shaw may

see fit to ask the three assistant secretarie

mand sufficient political influence to be re-Assistant Secretary Taylor is from Wis consin and possesses the combined repub-lican support of his state, headed by Senator Spooner. Although a Secretary has a great deal to do with choosing his assistants, he must recognize political reasons and sanction them.

## Iowans Are Pleased.

The definite announcement of Governor Shaw's selection for the position of Secretary of the Treasury gave the greatest gratification to the Iowans resident here. They regard him as a man well equipped for the place and feel confident the appointment will give general satisfaction.
Secretary Wilson voiced these sentiments when asked about Governor Shaw today, and he added that the governor was better known to the people east of the Mississippi river than any man in private life west of the Mississippi on questions of finance.

the Mississippi on questions of finance.
To Senator Dolliver of Iowa, whose relations with Governor Shaw have been very close, his selection for the treasury port-folio gave the greatest pleasure.

"The governor," he said, "has demon-strated by speeches delivered before cham-

bers of commerce and banking associa-tions in every important city of the United States a profound knowledge of the theory and mechanism of our banking and currency system. He is not only a student of these questions, but has been for many years a successful banker. In selecting him the President undoubtedly acted in a great measure upon his personal familiar-ity with Governor Shaw's abilities in dealing with the special subjects that belong to the Treasury Department. His appointment will be especially gratifying to the people of Iowa, and, indeed, the whole west, and I have no doubt satisfactory to great business and commercial interests of the United States." Representative Babcock's Opinion.

Governor Shaw is very well known throughout the northwest to senators and representatives from that section. He has been prominent in politics for some time, and has many friends, it is said, among the political leaders and managers in the country between the Mississippi and the Mis-

"I consider his selection as Secretary of the Treasury very fortunate for the administration and the people generally," said Chairman Babcock of the republican congressional committee to a Star reporter today. "Governor Shaw is a strong and able man, and has given a great deal of thought and study to financial matters. He is thoroughly equipped for the position he habout to occupy. "I have for a long time considered him one of the conspicuous figures and strong

men of the great northwest. The adminis-tration of the Treasury Department under him will be conservative and firm. I pre-dict that when he makes a recommendation to Congress it will be based upon facts and figures which will carry conviction." GOING TO THE PHILIPPINES.

#### Stenographers, Typewriters and Department Assistants Selected. The civil service commission a week ago

sent letters to every person on the eligible list and all persons who passed the special examination for typewriters and stenographers in the Philippine service, held last fall, acquainting them with the present urgent demand. Telegrams of acceptance have been received from Edward T. Hynes, Baltimore: A. W. Bean, Diamondville, Wyo.; Quincy J. Ames, Brooklyn, Wis.; Theodore E. Sperry, Washington, D. C.; Verner H. Petre, Evansville, Ind.; W. M. Barrington, Washington, D. C.; H. E. Partridge, Indianapolis, and Isaac T. Kinsel. Philadelphia.

Word has been received from the Philip pines that the examination papers for de-partment assistants have been received. Among the appointments already nounced are: Robert M. Loper, Philadel-phia; Francis H. Garrett, Philadelphia; R. Benedict, Omaha, and Jacob C. Mulder, Colorado Springs, Col.

The persons appointed will sail from San Francisco about February 1 on the transport Grant, which is on its way to this country now, bringing Governor Taft of the Philippine commission. About thirty stenographers and typewriters, four draftsmen and six department assistants will be among the number who go to the Philip-

# TAFT'S RETURN TO MANILA. No Doubt Felt About It at the War

An estimate of the high regard in which Gov. Gen. Taft is held by the people of the Philippines is afforded by the following cabfegram which was received here by Senor Abreu, a nephew of Buencamino, the Philppine leader: "Great public farewell to Taft. Federal

party and people pray a prompt return."

The above message is believed to have come from Buencamino. At the War Department no doubt is entertained that Gov Taft will return to Manila as soon as his health mends.

#### INSURGENT CHIEF GIVES UP. Surrender of Samson With His Officer and Men.

The War Department has been advised by cable from Manila of the surrender of the insurgent chieftain Samson at Mutasaron, with all his officers and men, twentyeight cannon and forty-five rifles. Mutas aron does not appear on any of the maps in the possession of the department, but it in the Island of Bohol, as it was there that Samson has been operating with his followers of late, having crossed over from scene of his depredations, the Island of Cebu.

# COURT'S INJUNCTION DEFIED.

Denver Mining Exchange and Pool Rooms Open for Business Today. DENVER, Col., December 26.-The Den ver mining exchange held the usual call for the purchase and sale of mining stocks today, in defiance of the order given by Sheriff Jones, acting under instructions from Judge Johnson, that it suspend operaions pending investigation by the gran jury as to the legality of its transactions. The pool rooms and bucket shops are also doing business as usual.

### ANOTHER FIRE VICTIM. Mrs. Ella Connelly of Philadelphia

Dies From Injuries. PHILADELPHIA, December 26.-Another death occurred today as the result of a

The new Secretary will likewise find an fire last night in the home of James H. Connelly in West Philadelphia. Mary Connelly, aged four years, was burned to death last night and today Mrs. Ella Connelly. twenty-eight years of age, wife of Jame Connelly, died in a hospital from a second-received through leaping from a second-window. Harry Connelly, two months old, was fatally injured and his death is momentarily expected. Three other members of the family, who were badly burned, will recover. to stay on with him. Some of them com-

# Young Woman Who Has Mystified the

"FRANCES ROSS" INSANE.

#### Chicago Police. CHICAGO, December 26 .- The young wo

man known as "Frances Ross," who is sup posed to have escaped from a Portland. Assistant Secretary Spaulding has the earnest support of Michigan. Senators McMillan and Burrows had a talk with the President about him a few days ago. His It is believed by physicians at the hospi-Ore., convent, was adjudged insane here

# Anniversary of the Famous Struggle Celebrated by Sham Battle.

# THOUSANDS WITNESS SPECTACLE

Faithful Imitation of the Original Disposition of Troops.

## FIREWORKS TONIGHT

TRENTON, N. J., December 26 .- The 125th anniversary of the battle of Trenton was elaborately celebrated here today. The auspicious weather had the effect of bringing out a large crowd of strangers and local people, who lined the streets along which the sham battle and the subsequent parade took place. The sham battle did not commence until after 10 o'clock, owing to the lateness of the arrival of the National Guard from out-of-town points.

The three forces of Gen. Washington, Gen. Sullivan and the Hessians for more than an hour occupied the streets and covered the ground that was gone over in the original battle, and a realistic picture of that battle was presented except the suffering which the American forces underwent because of the cold weather and the inefficiency of clothing. The sham battle began near the Battle monument and continued down Warren and Broad streets, the Hessian forces, under Col. Gilmore of the 2d Regiment, retreating and halting at short distances and firing on the advancing American army. This continued until the surrender at two points, one in front of the post office on East State street and the other on South Broad street.

#### Firing of Guns and Cannons. During the sham battle there was con-

tinuous firing of guns and cannon. After the surrender the military was re-formed for the general parade, which was supplemented by more than 1,000 members of civic organizations of the city. In the parade was the 2d Brigade of the New Jersey National Guard, consisting of the 2d and 3d Regiments under the command of Gen. Cooper. The parade passed through about a mile of the streets of the city, and at the state house was reviewed by Gov. Voortate house was reviewed by Jove to the hees and a large number of state officials.

The indoor celebration took place at 8 o'clock this afternoon in the opera house.

Mayor Briggs introduced Gov. Voorhees as the presiding officer. The principal speaker was Prof. Woodrow Wilson of Princeton, who delivered an address on the battle of

The day's celebration will close with fireworks this evening at Monument Park.

## FIGHT AT COUNTRY CHURCH. Six Men Fatally Injured in Family

Feud Riot. PIKETON, Ohio, December 26 .- Six men were probably fatally would fight at a small country church at Pike post office last night and a panic took place among the worshipers. During a religious meeting Charles and Orrin Day appeared and announced that they had "come to clean out the Leggs," a family with whom

the Days had had frequent quarrels. A general fight resulted in the church and around it. Women and children shricked and sought safety from revolvers and knives by jumping from the windows. Only the minister, Rev. Rowe, remained. close six men lay wounded, Orrin and Charles Day, Wesley Legg, Jos. Williams, John Currant and Lebanon Williams. Physicians were called from Piketon and Idaho to attend the wounded men and the sheriff was notified. It is believed the six men will die. Many others were slightly in-

# MR. CLEVELAND ACCEPTS.

#### Ex-President Will Serve on Industrial Peace Commission.

NEW YORK, December 26.-Former President Grover Cleveland has accepted appointment to the industrial department of the National Civic Federation created at the recent peace conference of labor and capitalistic leaders. His letter of acceptance in which he approved the plan of industrial peace was today delivered to Oscar Straus, who was chairman of the conference. It read as follows:

"PRINCETON, December 24, 1901.

"My Dear Mr. Straus: "Your letter of the 18th instant is at hand, Illness has confined me to my room for almost five weeks, and I am now hardly able

to sit up and write this.
"My desire for the quiet and comfort of absolute retirement from public or semipublic service is very strong, and grows stronger as the days pass. I should with-out hesitation yield to this and decline your request that I accept a place among those who are to seek the promotion of industrial peace by friendly intervention in trouble between employers and the employed, if I were not afraid that I should thereby disregard an important duty. My have made it clear to me that I should accept the place assigned to me, and I do so with an earnest wish that those selected to actively represent the purposes and mo

tives of your conference may not labor in vain. Yours very truly, (Signed) "GROVER CLEVELAND. Hon, Oscar S. Straus, New York. Mr. Straus said in giving the letter to the public that every man named on the gen-eral committee had signified acceptance of

### the trust and work. WAS IT RUSSIA OR ENGLANDY . Revival of Question as to Our Ally

in 1898.

LONDON, December 26.-The Times this morning publishes an editorial article on the pretensions of continental newspapers that it was Russia, not Egland, that prevented European intervention in the Hispano-American war. The Times thinks that the moment has arrived for the production of documentary evidence regarding the attitude of Great Britain on that occasion, "in order to nip in the bud the growth of an ingenious legend of a kind from which

we have suffered before now." The Daily News this morning, in an edi torial discussing Mr. William T. Stead's pamphlet on "The Americanization of the World," admits that Mr. Gladstone's World," admits that Mr. Gladstone's prophecy that the United States would replace Great Britain as the premier commer ial nation has eben, on the whole, realized but it declares it to be utterly impossible that Great Britain, as Mr. Stead extrava-gantly suggests, could ever enter an American union except after a series of disasters

The paper considers any kind of an An-glo-American federation equally unlikely wing to the Britons' insatiable love of caste, which led Cobden to insist that Englishmen were aristocrats rather than demo crats. For the rest, it confesses the enormous influence which the United States will

rendering separate existence impossible.

Millan and Burrows had a talk with the President about him a few days ago. His health is now bad, but if he recovers he can command a great deal of valuable influence to remain in office if he wants to.

Assistant Secretary Alles does not command so much political influence, but he has a splendid record back of him, and a knowledge of financial matters that even Governor Shaw will respect and can find

Milsa Ross religious melancholia. It is believed by physicians at the hospital that treatment in a sanitarium may restricted by the health of the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will wield over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will will over the British colonies, and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States.

The article further says it would be interesting to see what majority of Irishmen would vote for federation with the United States will will over the British colonies and says that a majority of Irishmen would vote for the British colonies

# BATTLE OF TRENTON

THE ROAD TO FORTUNE.

The Road to Fortune is

through Printer's Ink .- P.

T. Barnum.